## The role of the sacred in nurturing ecological law and governance



Ecological Law and Governance Association Australian Earth Laws Alliance

## PROGRAM

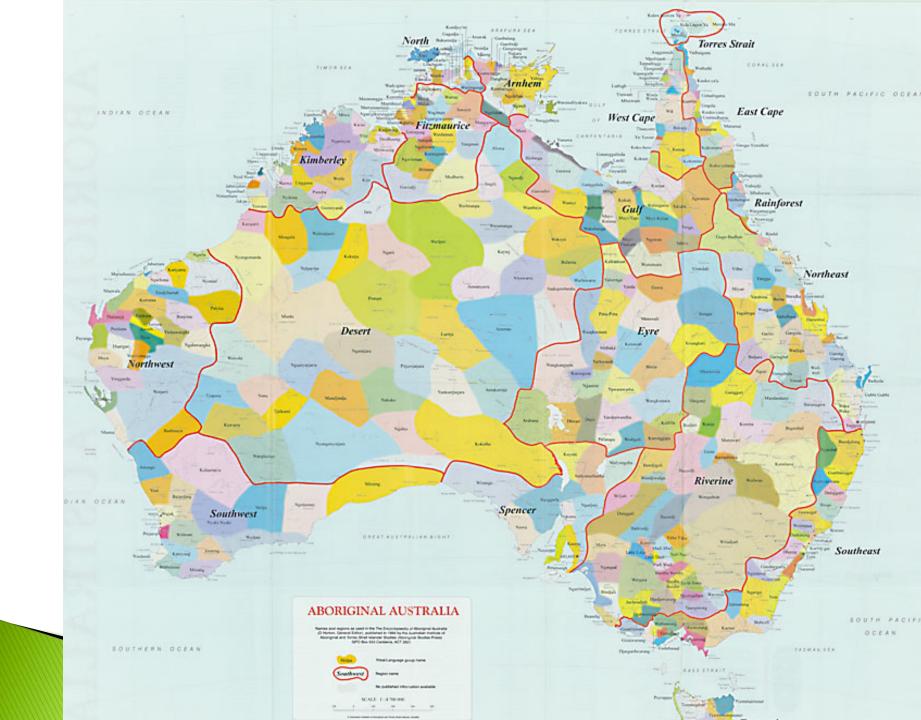
- Introduction and acknowledgement of country Michelle Maloney
- "Earth jurisprudence, ecological law and the role of the sacred" - Michelle Maloney (10)
- "The relationist ethos and how sacrelising the living world can form a foundation for society" – Mary Graham, Adjunct Associate Professor, School of Philosophy, University of Queensland and Kombumerri First Nations peoples (20)
- "Encountering Earth as Sacred: The Heart of the Matter", Mary Tinney, Earthlink (20)
- Closing remarks Michelle Maloney (10)
  Questions and discussion



## Housekeeping

- Length of webinar 9am–10.30am
- Please stay on 'mute'
- Questions can be typed in the comments during the talks
- Q&A will be held at the end, to ensure time for our speakers
- Thank you!





# Earth jurisprudence, ecological law and the role of the sacred"



Dr Michelle Maloney Australian Earth Laws Alliance

## Ecological Law and Governance Association

### **OUR MISSION, OUR VISION**

The Ecological Law and Governance Association (ELGA) seeks to provide a forum and a platform for diverse groups to work together and amplify their voices to transform our current human-centered, growth-focused legal paradigm, to an Earth-centered, 'ecological law and governance' paradigm to better protect the foundations of life.

Our vision is a just, flourishing world where state and global governance systems protect the foundations of life.

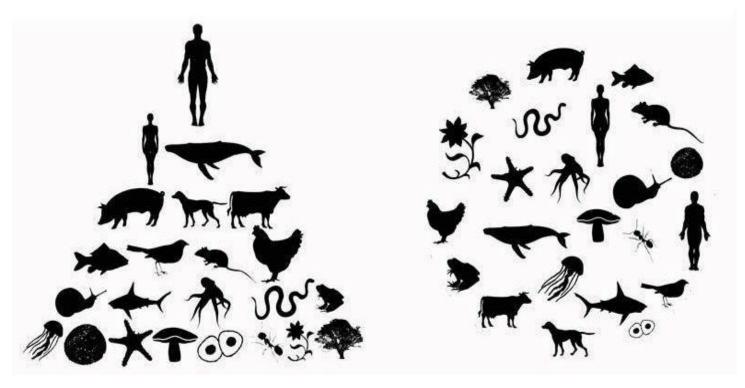


# About AELA

- Created in 2012
- Mission: to increase the understanding and practical implementation of Earth centred governance – law, economics, education, ethics and the arts
- "Earth jurisprudence"
- AELA is focussed on creating *systems* change
- multi/trans disciplinary



Earth jurisprudence is a philosophy that calls for us to examine the root causes of the ecological current crisis and shift our **governance systems** (law, economics, education, culture/fundamental world view) FROM anthropocentrism or human centred approaches, TO Earth centred or 'life centred' approaches



Human centred

Earth centred



## Anthropocentrism

"The Deepest cause of the present devastation is found is a mode of consciousness that has established a radical discontinuity between the human and other modes of being."

Thomas Berry, The Great Work (1999) 4.

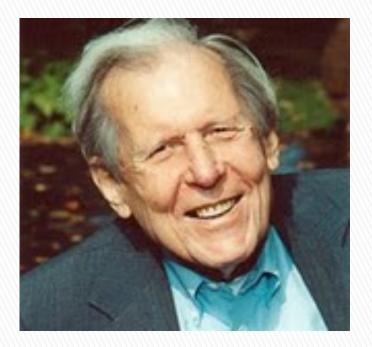
#### Elements:

- Human beings are the central fact of the universe.
- Final aim and end of the universe.
- The earth exists to satisfy human needs and desires.

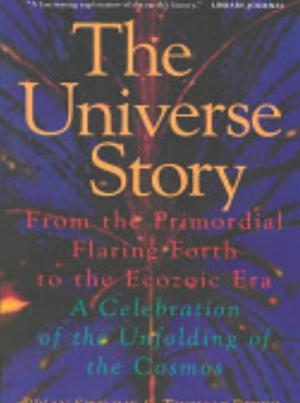




#### Thomas Berry – deep ecologist and 'geologian'; coined the term "Earth jurisprudence" (Earth laws)



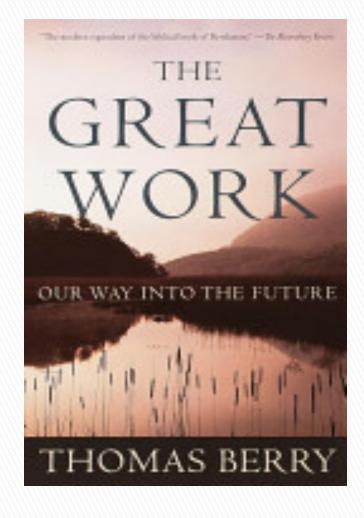
Thomas Berry (1914-2009)



BRIAN SWIMME & THOMAS BERRY

# The Great Work: Our Way into the Future (1999)

- Critique of the underpinning structures of industrialised society
- Looked at all four of the fundamental establishments that control human affairs:
- Law and Government
  - Legal system is supporting exploitation rather than protecting the natural world from destruction
- Economics neoliberal growth economics; power of corporations
- <u>Universities</u> perpetuate current system, teach and reward focus on consuming the earth
- <u>Religion</u> Perpetuate human dominion and alienation from nature.
- Anthropocentrism + pro-growth



Economic – Consumer capitalism (Corporatism)

Social/cultural (consumer culture) Legal, Political & Institutional

Earth Laws explore and challenge "the ideas that lie beneath"

> Beliefs, Ideology, culture – anthropocentrism + pro growth

Fundamentally changing our governance systems will require more than reforming existing laws or making new ones. We need to take a long hard look, not only at our legal systems, but, more importantly, at the legal philosophies that underlie them. Only by creating a vision of an `Earth centred system' will we be able to begin a comprehensive transformation of our governance system."

Cormac Cullinan, Wild Law (2002)



# So what is the role of the sacred?

#### sacred adjective

Save Word

sa·cred | \'sā-krəd 🕥 \

#### Definition of sacred

- a : dedicated or set apart for the service or worship of a deity
  // a tree sacred to the gods
  - b : devoted exclusively to one service or use (as of a person or purpose)// a fund *sacred* to charity
- 2 a : worthy of religious veneration : HOLY
  - **b** : entitled to reverence and respect
- 3 : of or relating to religion : not secular or profane *II sacred* music
- 4 archaic : ACCURSED
- 5 a : UNASSAILABLE, INVIOLABLE
  - **b** : highly valued and important // a sacred responsibility











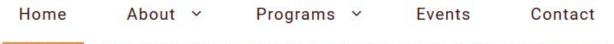






## Future Dreaming Australia

Sharing knowledge to build a better future for all of us





www.futuredreaming.org.au







#### Thank you! <u>convenor@earthlaws.org.au</u> <u>www.earthlaws.org.au</u>